

## Biology year 10 Spring 1

Chapter and topic	Outcomes
B5.1 Health and disease & B5.2 Pathogens and disease	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.Explain the difference between a communicable and non-communicable disease.</li> <li>2.Distinguish between different types of pathogens in terms of their features.</li> <li>3.Demonstrate the methods of pathogen transmission</li> </ol>
B5.4 Viral diseases, B5.5 Bacterial diseases, B5.6 Diseases caused by fungi and protists	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.Name some diseases that are caused by viruses, bacteria or fungi (G4).</li> <li>2.Describe how diseases affect the infected organism (G6).</li> <li>3.Explain methods used to control the pathogens (G8)</li> </ol>
B5.3 Growing bacteria in the lab - theory	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. State that bacteria reproduce by cell division and this is called binary fission. (G4)</li> <li>2. Explain why it is important to use an uncontaminated culture to investigate bacterial growth. (G6)</li> <li>3. Plan a detailed investigation to find out how a variable affects the growth of bacteria. (G8)</li> </ol>
B5.3 Growing bacteria in the lab - practical	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Prepare a bacterial culture on agar gel. (G4)</li> <li>2. Follow the rules needed to prepare an uncontaminated culture. (G4)</li> <li>3. Suggest how to measure the growth of bacteria and discuss uncertainty. (G8)</li> </ol>
Practical analysis and revision	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.Explain why numbers of bacteria on an agar plate will eventually stop growing. (G6)</li> <li>2.Describe and explain why each safety rule is needed in order to safely prepare, incubate, and dispose of a culture. (G6)</li> <li>3.Explain why it is important to use an uncontaminated culture to investigate bacterial growth. (G6)</li> <li>4.Explain what is meant by exponential growth and analyse a graph showing it. (G8)</li> </ol>

TEST	
DIRT	
B6.1 Vaccination	<p>State that vaccines contain dead or inactive forms of a pathogen (G4).</p> <p>Explain how vaccination works (G6).</p> <p>Describe what an antibody and an antigen are (G6).</p> <p>Explain why, if a large proportion of the population is vaccinated, the spread of the pathogen is reduced (G8).</p>

B6.2 Antibiotics and painkillers	Describe what an antibiotic is (G4) 2: Explain what is meant by antibiotic-resistant bacteria (G6) 3: Suggest a reasoned explanation for a pattern in data (G8)
B6.3 Discovering drugs	1: Order the events that led to the production of penicillin. (G4) 2: Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of looking for new drugs from living organisms (G6) 3: Analyse data to evaluate the effectiveness of new antibiotics and make a reasoned decision which one to develop further (G8)
B6.3 Developing drugs	Describe what is meant by a placebo (G4) 2: Explain why each procedure in drug testing and trialling is used. (G6) 3: Critically analyse the results from a double blind trial. (G8)